



# Coordination, Monitoring and Governance

*Presentation by*

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*Prepared with the support of Peacepath Consulting*





# The Coordination Challenge

*Several factors influence the complexity of the AI/HI coordination challenge:*

## Uncertainties

- Nature of the AI / HI threat (severity, reach)
- When and where escalation will occur
- Duration of AI / HI presence

## Certainties

- Local threat with global implications
- Countries have variable capacity to prevent, prepare and respond
- Short window of opportunity for initial assessment and robust response
- Indirect behaviours (e.g. public reaction, media response, government actions) will influence the operating environment as much as the direct behaviours of the AI or HI virus



# Implications for Approach

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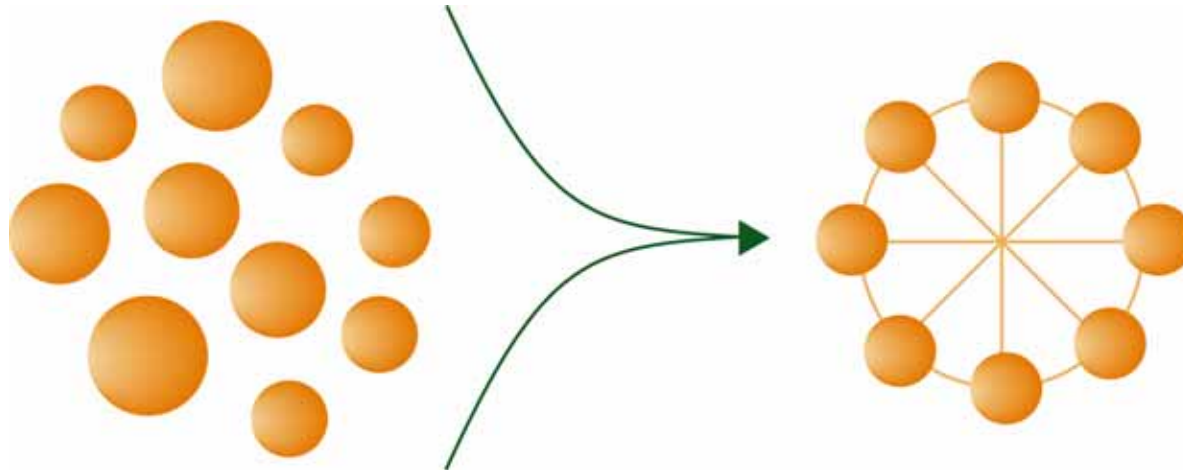
*To succeed, Avian and Human Influenza coordination mechanisms must:*

1. Ensure accurate, timely, relevant and transparent exchange of information
2. Generate clear, consistent and timely messages on the status of the situation
3. Facilitate unprecedented levels of collaboration across actors and levels
4. Enable the international community to optimally deploy global resources (technical, human, financial) to minimize the global impact on lives and livelihoods



# Objective

To facilitate a collaborative *process* among key actors to *transform*:



**A collection of organizations working independently toward individual objectives**

**The inefficient use of collective experience, expertise and resources**

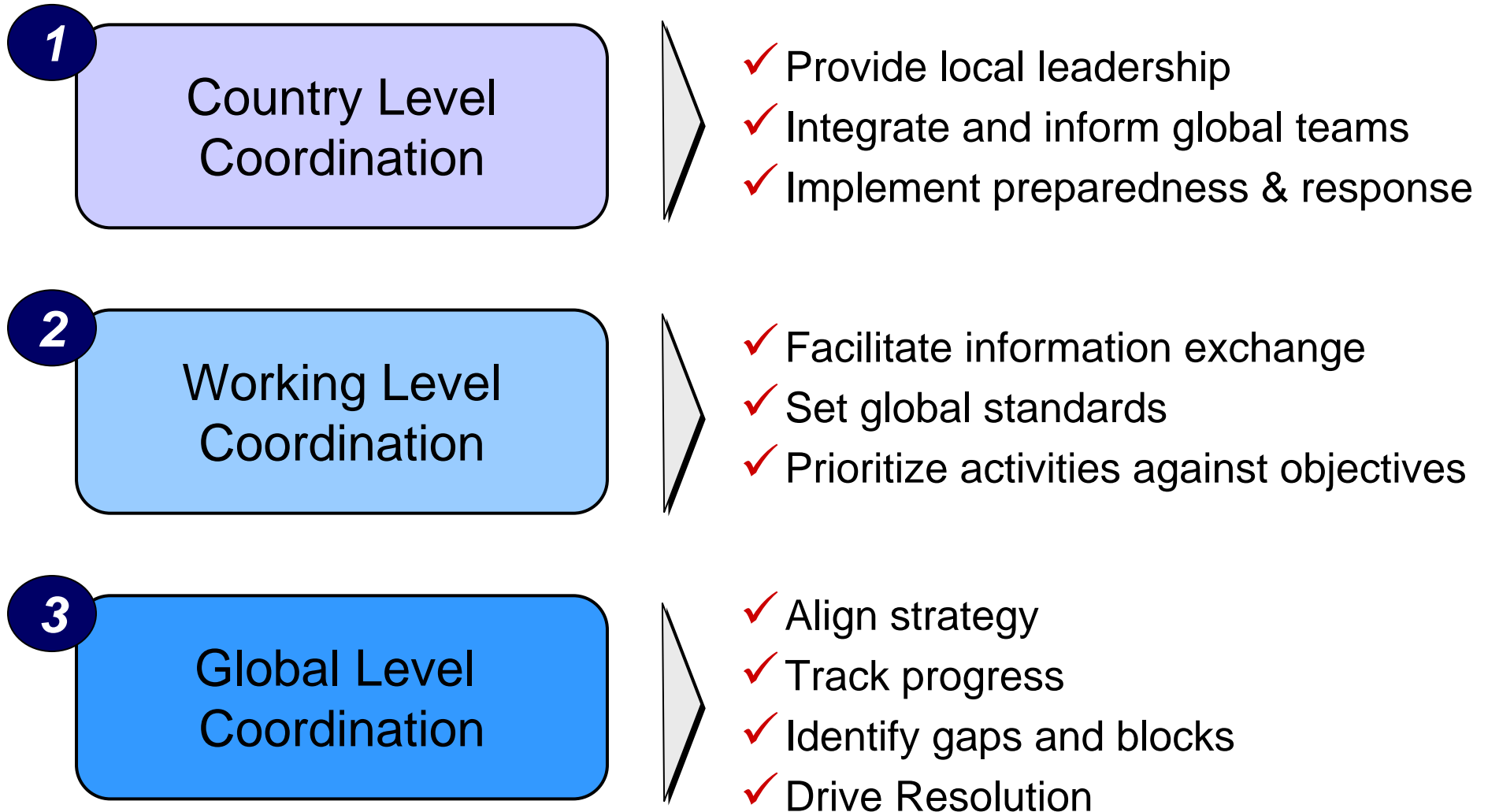
**A community of organizations and active networks working together to achieve common objectives**

**An optimal use of collective experience, expertise and resources**



# Levels of Coordination

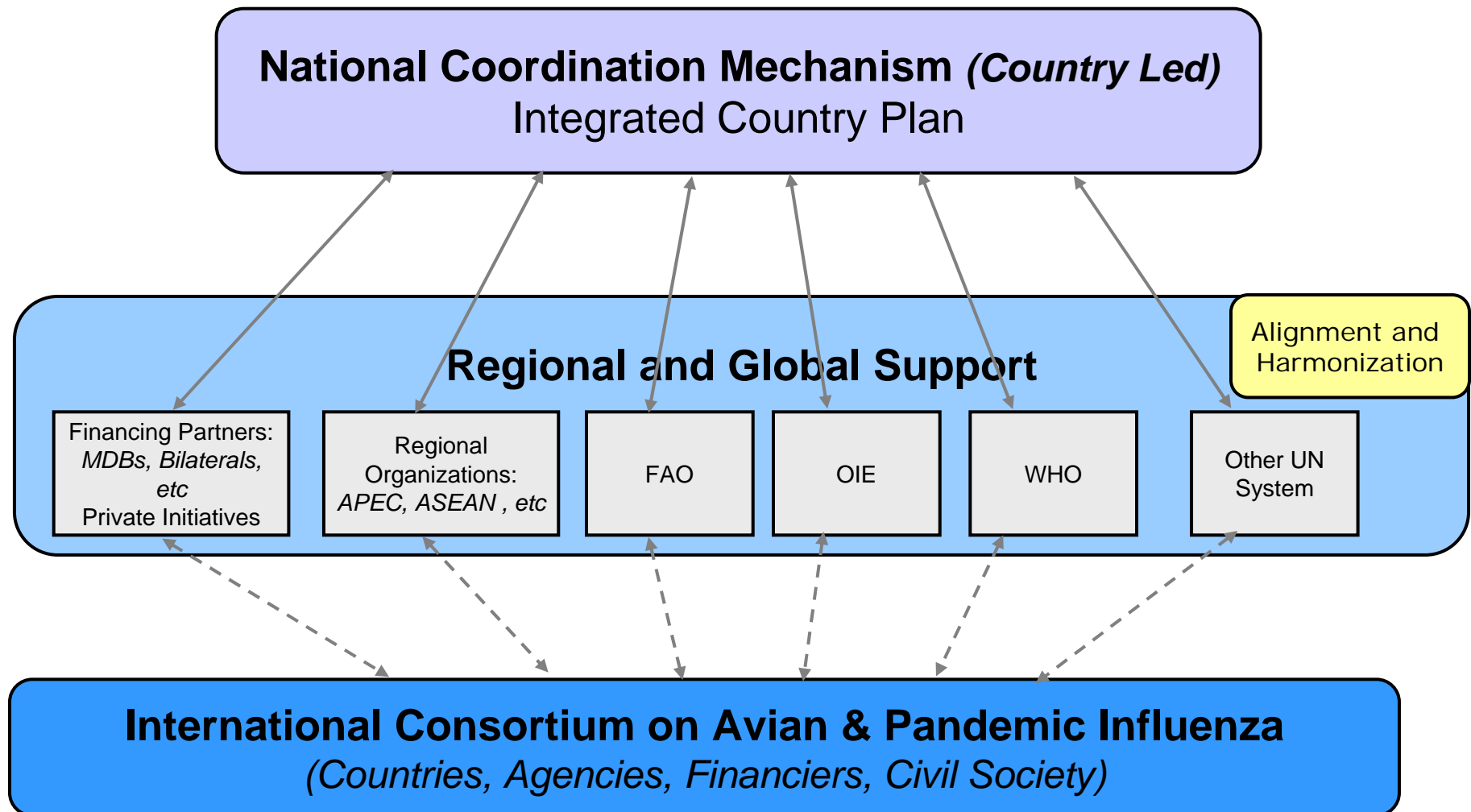
*Coordination will need to be active at three broad levels:*





# Proposed Framework

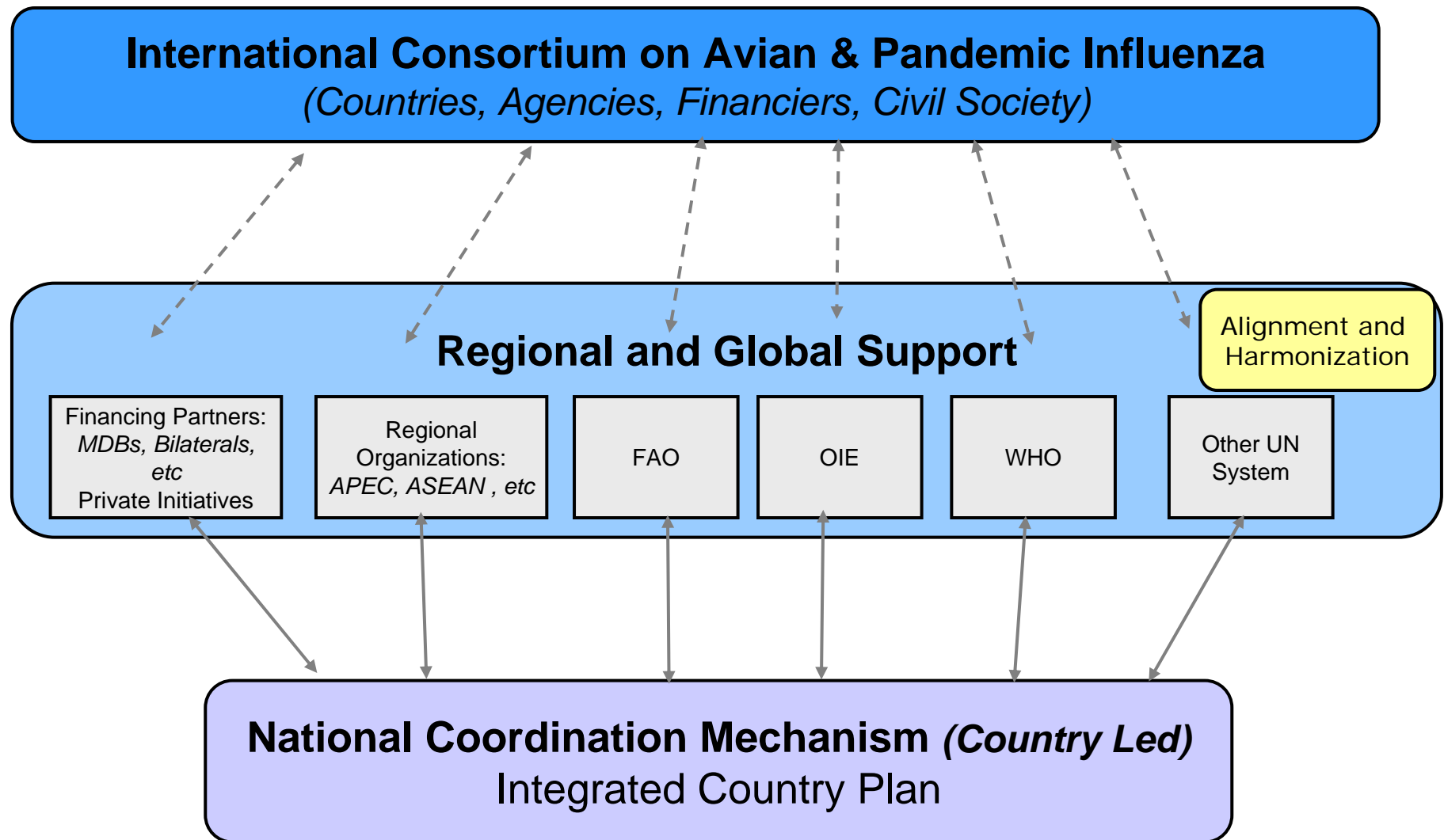
*To provide coordinated operational and technical support:*





# Proposed Framework

*To provide coordinated operational and technical support:*





# In Practice – Country Level

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- National Government central actor in coordination
- Propose the use of existing coordination arrangements that bring in UN system agencies, Development Banks, OIE, Key Financiers, Other stakeholders (such as Red Cross, Private Sector, Civil Society)
- Strengthening capacities of regional networks and organizations, particularly so they can effectively support coordination on cross-border issues.
- Encourage cooperation on research and development
- Quick and flexible mechanism to draw down funding to finance control in event of a major outbreak.
- Ensuring specialized institutions (FAO, OIE, WHO and others) are equipped to provide standards, policy and technical guidance and to support capacity building, in response to country needs



# In Practice – Global Level

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**Consortium composed of high-level representatives of countries affected or at risk, international technical agencies, financiers, regional bodies, civil society.**

*Functions include:*

- To ensure collective responsibility for response to AI and pandemic threat (from new and emerging infections) from a global perspective within a set of agreed principles
- To take on High Level coordination functions (a) aligning strategy, (b) tracking progress, (c) identifying gaps and blocks, (d) driving progress to results
- Establish global goals, promote international standards, monitor regularly, and adjust the overall effort as needed
- Take on and address challenging policy, financing, and access issues, provide guidance on ways in which they can best be addressed
- Support could be provided jointly by UN System Influenza Coordinator, and World Bank with other relevant bodies



# UN System Coordinator Contributions

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*The UN Coordinator will aim to provide the following inputs to the consortium:*

- 1 Strategy framework to guide integration and alignment of strategies generated by the global working level teams
- 2 Tool for tracking progress against critical activities and objectives (e.g. dashboard)
- 3 Information on where and why resources required, upon which financiers can base investment decisions
- 4 Targeted analysis to identify possible scenarios and risks as the situation evolves and implications for prevention, preparedness and response



# Potential Dashboard Tool

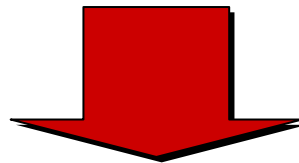
	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3
<b>Issue</b>	Human Vaccine Supply	Veterinary System Strengthening	Increasing Public Health Laboratory Capacity
<b>Lead Agency</b>	WHO	OiE / FAO	WHO
<b>Status of Strategy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Complete</li> <li>▪ Level of stakeholder commitment</li> <li>▪ Assessment of alignment with other priorities</li> </ul>		
<b>Key Outcome Targets</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ xx% increase in global production capacity</li> </ul>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ xx funded trials of approaches to extend reach of doses (e.g. antigen sparing, intradermal)</li> </ul>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ xx% of forecasted global pandemic vaccine supply secured for central UN management and distribution</li> </ul>		
<b>Policy Initiatives</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Global principles for revising regulatory pathways under pandemic risk</li> </ul>		
<b>Current Capacity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Deployed / Required</li> <li>▪ % Surge capacity</li> <li>▪ % regions covered</li> </ul>		
<b>Funding Required</b>		\$xx M (USD)	
<b>Funding Received</b>		\$xx M (USD)	
<b>% of Funding Target</b>		xx%	



# Why Invest in Coordination Now?

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1. Avoids duplication of efforts
2. Optimizes use of global assets and resources
3. Facilitates knowledge transfer and active learning as the situation evolves
4. Provides a forum for building strong, effective working relationships before a full scale crisis hits



***Strengthened capacity  
to successfully combat the AI / HI threat***



***Thank you***